

Report

Executive Summary: The State of AI in Financial Services and Insurance 2025-2026

How financial institutions are embracing AI to scale operations, align strategies, and enhance competitiveness and resilience

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Foreword

In financial services and insurance, AI has progressed well beyond the experimental stage. While most organizations have adopted it in some form, uptake remains uneven, and scaling is still a significant hurdle. Our industry-focused report analyzes insights from 250 C-suite leaders, drawn from HTEC's broader global study of 1,529 C-suite executives, revealing that just over 40% have embedded AI across multiple business functions, with a similar proportion limiting deployment to select areas. Only a small minority remains in testing or exploratory phases. Conversations with HTEC clients echo this reality: ambition is strong, and the technology is advancing, but turning it into consistent enterprise value demands clear direction and a robust strategy.

As AI adoption matures, complexity grows. Progress increasingly hinges not on technology alone but on leadership alignment, integration with legacy systems, and clarity around purpose and ROI. Challenges such as embedding AI into existing processes, deciding which capabilities to prioritize, and building a strong business case continue to slow enterprise-scale adoption. Transformation is not purely technical—it's organizational. The fastest movers are those where technology and business leaders operate as one, united by measurable outcomes rather than experimentation for its own sake.

For most financial institutions, the question is no longer whether AI creates value, but how to bridge the gap between ambition and execution, strengthen internal capability and alignment, and ensure initiatives deliver tangible business results.

In this Executive Summary, we explore how financial and insurance leaders are approaching this next phase: what drives AI implementation, where alignment gaps remain, and what readiness looks like as organizations embed intelligence across the enterprise. We encourage financial leaders to turn these findings into forward momentum and continue advancing their transformation journey.

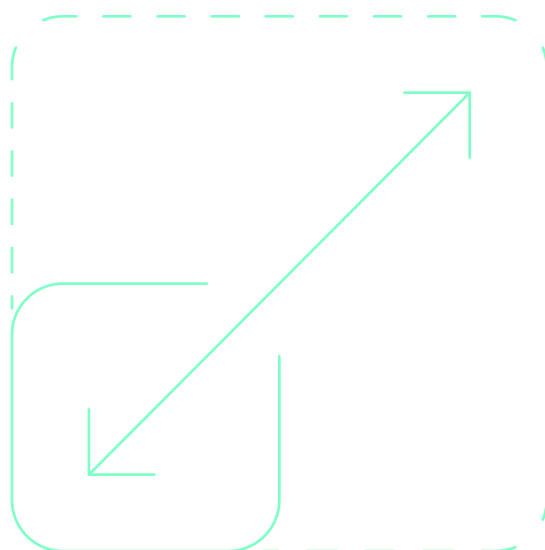
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The Market Perspective

The market potential for AI in the FSI sector is nothing short of profound. The global “AI in Finance” market is projected to grow from about **USD 38 billion in 2024** to roughly **USD 190 billion by 2030**, at a CAGR of ~30.6%. In insurance specifically, the “AI for Insurance” market is expected to expand from around **USD 7.7 billion in 2024** to over **USD 35.6 billion by 2029**, at ~36.6% CAGR. Together, these figures underscore that AI is not just a strategic initiative but a rapidly growing segment of the FSI industry’s technology investment and competitive landscape.



Executive Summary

To understand where the FSI industry stands in its adoption of artificial intelligence and how its leaders perceive the road ahead, we conducted a global survey focused on AI, and connected services. The goal was to capture both the current state of implementation and the emerging priorities shaping the next phase of competitiveness.

The research gathered insights from **250 C-level executives** representing the following roles: **Chief Information Officers (CIOs), Chief Technology Officers (CTOs), Chief Digital Officers (CDOs – Digital / Innovation), Chief Product Officers (CPOs), Chief Financial Officers (CFOs), Chief Operating Officers (COOs), Chief Executive Officers (CEOs), and Chief Strategy Officers (CSOs)**. These are the decision-makers shaping the strategies, technology investments, and operating models of some of the world's most influential financial and insurance institutions.

Respondents were drawn from major FSI markets across **the Middle East (Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates), the United Kingdom, the United States, Germany, and Spain**. This geographic diversity offers a nuanced view of how AI maturity differs across regulatory environments, customer expectations, and market pressures.

The survey examined:

- **How organizations are adopting and integrating AI into their business operations.**
- **What are the barriers that still limit broader adoption?**
- **To what extent are leadership teams aligned around a shared vision for AI transformation?**
- **Which technical and organizational capabilities do they consider essential for long-term competitiveness?**

Together, these insights offer a view of an industry where AI is firmly on the agenda but where the real differentiation will come from organizations that move beyond deployment into connected, scalable execution.

Key Findings

This research reveals a sector that has decisively committed to AI, but is still working through the more complex parts of integration, talent, governance, and execution.

1

AI adoption is near-universal, but true scale is uneven.

AI is now a strategic constant in financial services and insurance: 0% of respondents say it is not a priority, and 85% report AI either fully embedded or deployed in specific areas. Yet the picture by market shows fragmentation, with leaders in the USA, Germany, and the UAE further along in full-scale deployment, while others remain concentrated in pockets of adoption.

2

Talent and integration gaps are the main brakes on progress.

Data engineering and analytics, cybersecurity and data privacy, DevOps/automation/edge skills, and AI/ML expertise are the most commonly cited capability gaps. These shortages directly translate into higher costs, increased dependence on external vendors, reduced innovation, margin pressure, and slower time to market. In other words, the AI talent gap is already a financial and strategic problem.

3

Leadership alignment is strong, but AI literacy and readiness are uneven.

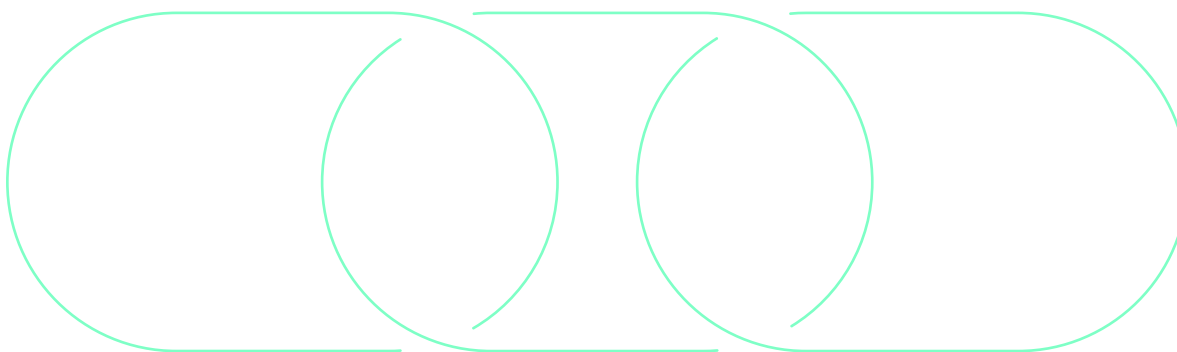
More than eight in ten leaders report full or strong alignment on AI transformation. However, only around a third rate AI literacy within their executive team as high, and readiness to keep pace with the AI landscape is mixed: only about a quarter feel able to adopt and scale rapidly, while the largest group is still in a “learn and experiment” phase with limited value capture.

4

The window to act is short, and institutions are planning accordingly.

Leaders estimate that failing to act on AI opportunities would leave them nearly two years behind (1.92 years on average) in rebuilding competitiveness. In response, they are targeting compressed timelines (typically between 1.6 and 1.7 years) to validate use cases, complete AI roadmaps, define and deploy strategies, empower their workforce, and develop new AI-enabled revenue streams.

The hard work now is less about asking whether AI has a place and more about determining how it delivers measurable value across people, processes, and platforms.



How FSI Leaders See Their Organizations Today

Before exploring how financial institutions are adopting and scaling AI, it is important to understand how these organizations assess their own performance. The executives we surveyed—C-suite leaders across major FSI markets—offered a consistent picture of organizations that see themselves as strong, capable, and well-positioned for transformation. Across eight core operational and strategic criteria, most respondents rate their organizations as performing at a high level, with few describing significant weaknesses. This self-assessment offers valuable context for interpreting their AI ambitions and readiness.

Innovation

Leaders express strong confidence in their ability to innovate, with **77%** rating their performance as Excellent or Good, including **36% Excellent**. Only **6%** report weaknesses.

Agility

76% of respondents believe their organization is agile, with nearly equal shares rating themselves as Excellent (**37%**) or Good (**39%**). Still, **18%** say agility is only “Okay,” indicating room for improvement.

Resilience

Resilience is one of the strongest-rated areas, with **81%** calling their performance Excellent or Good. Nearly half (**46%**) select Good, suggesting broad but measured confidence in organizational stability.

Operational Efficiency

79% rate their operational efficiency as Excellent or Good. Only **6%** report performance in the Poor range.

Employee Capability Enablement

This is the highest-rated category overall. **83%** say they excel at enabling employee capability, including **44%** who selected Excellent, which is the highest “Excellent” share across all criteria.

Data Governance & Security

Leaders report strong performance in data governance and security, with **81%** rating themselves Excellent or Good. Only **7%** report weakness in this area, which serves as a significant indicator given the sector’s trust and compliance requirements.

Time to Market

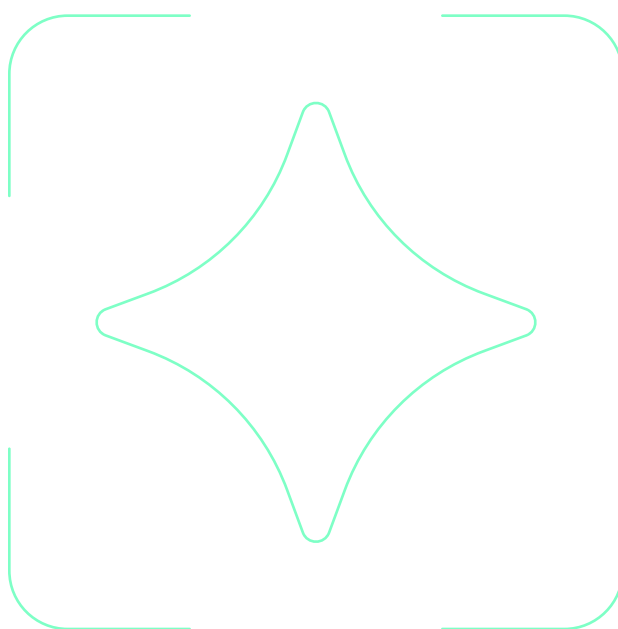
80% describe their time to market as Excellent or Good, with roughly equal splits between Excellent (**38%**) and Good (**42%**). This suggests confidence in delivery speed and product execution.

Digital Infrastructure Scalability

A high **79%** believe their infrastructure scales effectively to support business needs, including **43%** Excellent—a strong indication that leaders feel their technology foundations are ready for continued transformation.

AI Adoption Has Reached Critical Mass, But Value Creation Isn't Keeping Pace

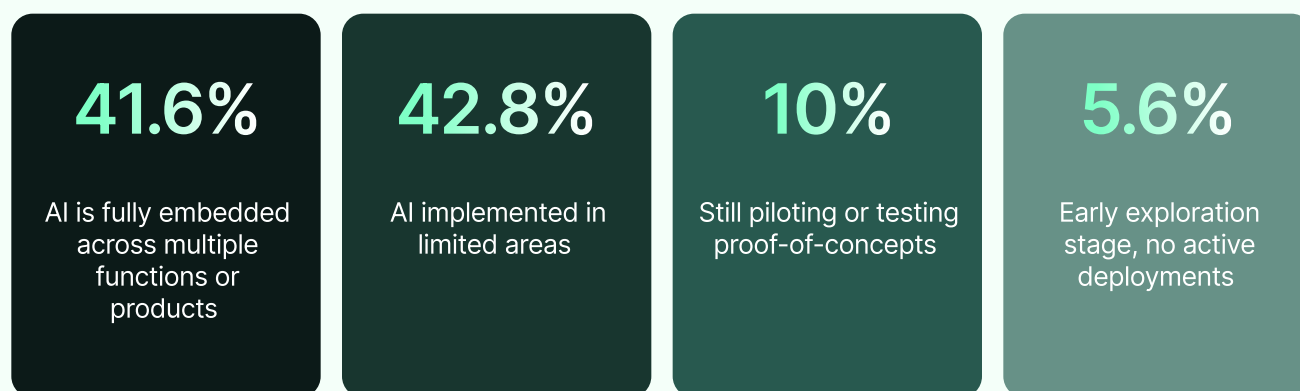
The financial services and insurance sector has moved well past experimentation. AI is now an operational constant: nearly every institution surveyed has already begun adopting it, and 0% say AI is not a priority. This confirms what we at HTEC see daily: FSI leaders feel the urgency, understand the opportunity, and recognize AI's central role in competitiveness. But high adoption is not the same as high maturity.



AI is now a strategic constant: 100% of C-suite leaders are pursuing adoption

Only 6% remain in early exploration.

AI adoption maturity across FSI organizations:



While **85%** of executives say their organizations have AI either fully embedded or deployed in specific areas, the divide between ambition and execution becomes clear the moment we look inside those deployments.

- Only **41.6%** have AI fully embedded across multiple functions.
- A nearly identical share (**42.8%**) has pockets of adoption—isolated successes that have not yet become systemic.
- Meanwhile, **10%** are still piloting, and **5.6%** remain in early exploration.

FSI institutions in the USA are leading the adoption (56%), followed by Germany (50%), and the UAE (47%). They are the most likely to report AI as fully embedded across multiple functions or product lines. Adoption is somewhat lower in **Saudi Arabia and Spain (39% each)**, and lowest in the **UK (30%)**, where many organizations are still rolling out AI across their enterprises.

AI Adoption per Country

Country	Fully embedded	Limited areas	Pilot	Exploration	Not a priority
USA	56.00%	36.00%	6.00%	2.00%	0.00%
UAE	47.06%	29.41%	11.76%	11.76%	0.00%
Saudi Arabia	39.39%	48.48%	9.09%	3.03%	0.00%
Germany	50.00%	44.00%	4.00%	2.00%	0.00%
Spain	30.00%	56.00%	14.00%	0.00%	0.00%
United Kingdom	30.00%	36.00%	16.00%	18.00%	0.00%

In every region, the story is the same: **AI is everywhere, but integrated AI is not.**

This matters because in FSI, value emerges not from AI experiments, but from **connected intelligence across products, workflows, and decisions.**

That connection is exactly where organizations struggle next.



Moving From Adoption to Transformation: Main Challenges

Once institutions move past initial deployment, they run directly into structural barriers that prevent enterprise-wide scale. The most significant is technical: **40%** cite difficulty integrating AI into existing processes and systems, highlighting entrenched legacy architecture and dispersed data.

Right behind it sits leadership alignment: **36%** say their executive teams are not aligned on AI strategy. This is not technology, but a governance and operating model failure. Without a shared vision, AI remains fragmented and under-leveraged.

Barriers preventing FSI organizations from advancing AI adoption

40%

Have difficulty integrating AI into existing processes and systems

36%

Lack leadership alignment on AI strategy

33%

Are unsure which AI capabilities to prioritize

31%

Cite unclear business case or ROI

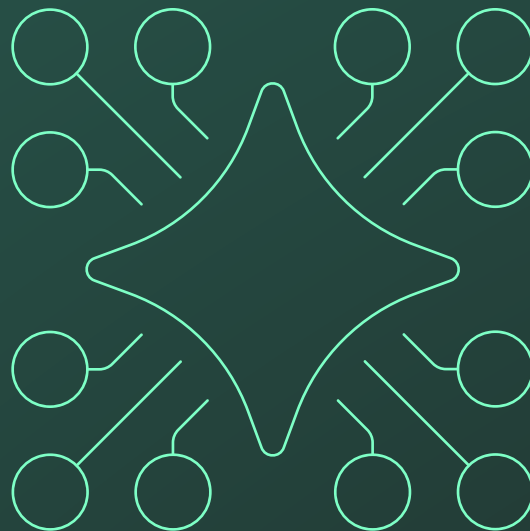
30%

Don't know where to expand next

In other words, **leaders want AI to do more, faster, but lack the clarity, structure, and organizational readiness to make it happen.**

AI Transformation Journey: 1st Milestone

Establish a unified strategic vision for AI, aligning leadership teams around shared priorities, measurable outcomes, and enterprise-wide clarity. Our findings show that alignment is strong, but not universal. Closing these gaps accelerates decisions and strengthens execution.

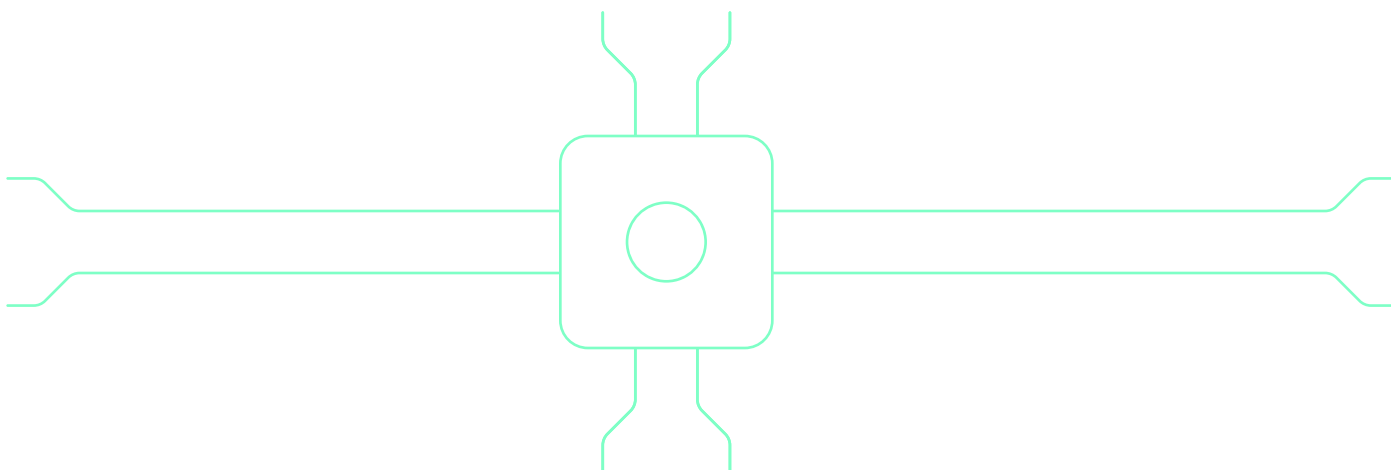


FSI Cannot Build AI at the Speed It Needs

For all the momentum behind AI, financial institutions are increasingly confronting a reality that sits beneath every ambitious roadmap: **they do not yet have the talent, engineering foundations, or internal operating models to build and scale AI at the speed the market now demands.**

AI adoption is high, and aspiration is even higher—but the internal capability required to turn isolated successes into enterprise-scale intelligence simply isn't keeping pace. Large FSI organizations sit on extraordinary volumes of structured and unstructured data, yet many lack the engineering, data architecture, and applied AI skill sets needed to translate this advantage into real-time decisioning, automated workflows, or new intelligent products. As a result, progress often stalls not because of vision but because of execution capacity.

What the survey makes clear is that the constraints are systemic. Institutions aren't just short on advanced AI expertise—they are missing the foundational engineering roles that allow AI to run reliably, securely, and at scale. The gaps show up everywhere: securing sensitive data, building robust pipelines, integrating models into production systems, and managing distributed workloads.



Capability Gaps

38%

Data engineering
and analytics

33%

Cybersecurity
and data privacy

32%

DevOps,
automation, edge

31%

AI and machine
learning expertise

These shortages indicate that organizations are struggling not only with advanced AI specialties but also with the foundational engineering roles required to support reliable, scalable, and compliant AI operations.

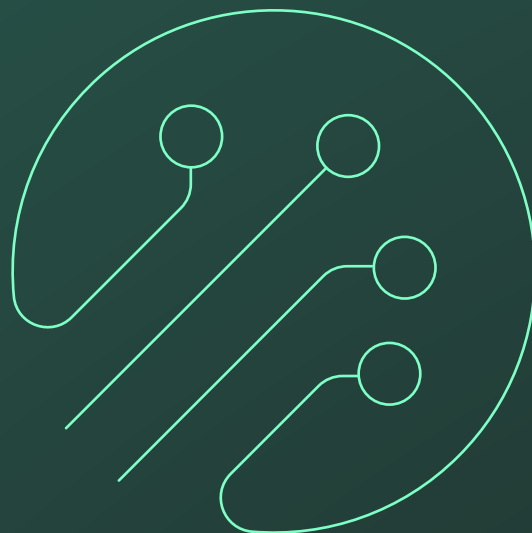
Different executives feel the pressure differently:

- CFOs see the biggest gaps in data engineering (**45%**) and cybersecurity (**39%**)
- CTOs emphasize data engineering (**46%**) and DevOps (**42%**)
- CPOs cite DevOps and AI/ML as the highest gaps of all (**58% each**)
- CIOs report major shortages in cybersecurity (**44%**)

The message is consistent: **Every function sees the bottleneck, and no function believes it has the internal capabilities to keep up with the speed of AI advancement.**

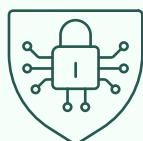
AI Transformation Journey: 2nd Milestone

Build the foundational data, engineering, and governance capabilities required to scale, focusing on the talent gaps leaders identify most acutely: data engineering, cybersecurity, AI/ML expertise, and edge computing skills. Strengthening these capabilities addresses cost, innovation, and time-to-market pressures.



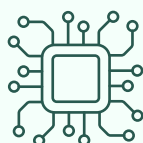
The impact of skills gaps

The impact of these capability gaps is already visible across financial institutions, affecting both operational efficiency and strategic growth.



41%

Higher costs (41%) emerge as the most immediate consequence, driven by increased reliance on external vendors and the inefficiencies that arise when internal teams lack the required expertise.



38%

Reduced innovation (38%) follows closely, as R&D functions struggle to keep pace with evolving technologies.



35% - 34%

These constraints cascade into broader commercial pressures, contributing to **margin pressure (35%)** and **slower time to market (34%)**, with organizations experiencing delays in launching new products and services.



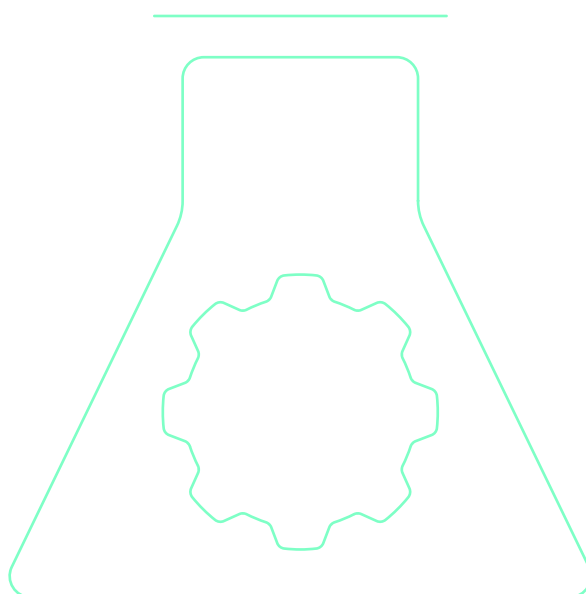
32%

Capability shortages are also affecting inorganic growth: **32% of leaders report M&A challenges** linked to insufficient technical talent, which slows integration, due diligence, and value capture.

Transformation Approaches

The depth and breadth of these capability gaps point to a broader truth across the industry: **no financial institution today possesses all the skills required to execute a complete AI transformation on its own.** Even the most advanced organizations are struggling to assemble the mix of data engineering, cybersecurity, ML expertise, and systems-integration talent needed to modernize core platforms and operationalize AI at enterprise scale.

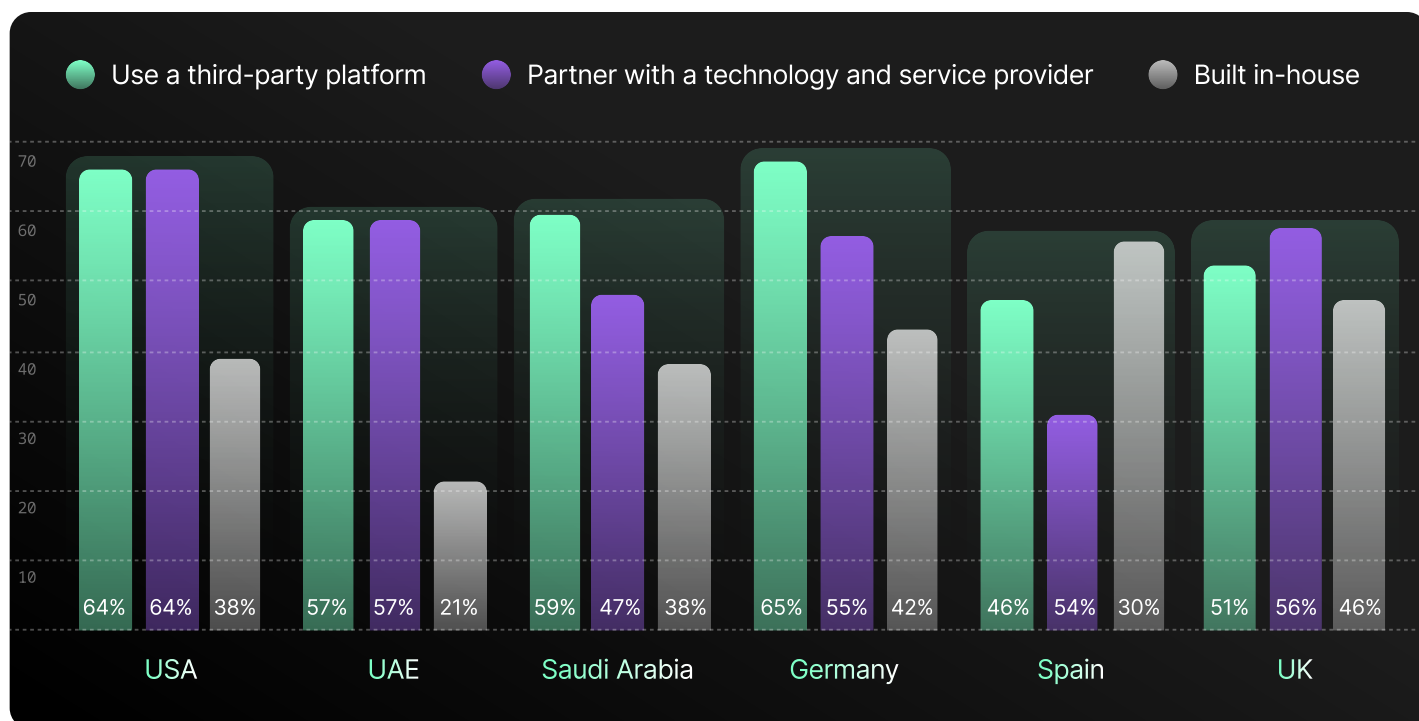
This reality is clearly reflected in how executives say they plan to build their AI foundations. Approaches to implementation reveal a strong tilt toward external enablement: **the majority expect to rely on third-party platforms (56.9%) or technology partners (56%)** to handle the complexity of integration, modernization, and distributed intelligence. At the same time, **a meaningful minority (37%) still aims to build selectively in-house**—an acknowledgment that certain capabilities related to architecture, security, or control are usually kept at the core.



Regional Differences Highlight Different Paths to AI Transformation

While the overall preference for external support is consistent, the underlying emphasis varies by market:

- The **USA, UAE, and Saudi Arabia** show a similar pattern, pairing high use of third-party platforms with strong reliance on technology partners—**64% platform/partner** in the USA and **57% platform/partner** in both the UAE and Saudi Arabia.
- **Germany** shows the highest preference towards platform usage at **65%**, likely reflecting its advanced hybrid-cloud adoption landscape.
- **Spain and the UK** display more balanced distributions, with technology partnership slightly leading the chart.



Job-title Differences Reveal How Responsibilities Shape Integration Strategies

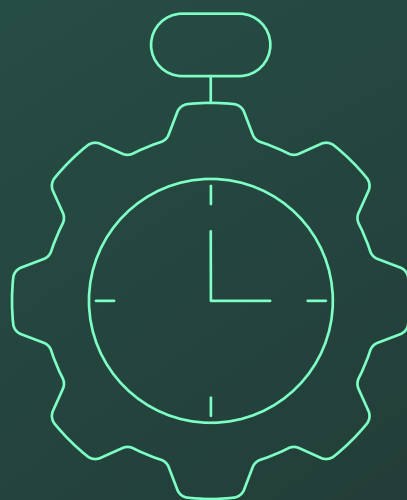
Executives approach edge-to-cloud integration through the lens of their role:

61%	CFOs prefer partnering
56%	CIOs prefer in-house building
55%	CTOs prefer partnering
73%	CPOs prefer partnering
52/52%	CFOs prefer partnering / platforms
75%	CDOs prefer platforms
72%	CEOs prefer platforms

In other words, the talent challenge isn't just a workforce problem; **it is the single biggest limiting factor on AI value realization in FSI.**

AI Transformation Journey: 3rd Milestone

No single sourcing approach can meet the speed, complexity, and regulatory demands of AI in financial services. Organizations must **combine third-party platforms to provide scale, partners to bring specialized expertise, and in-house teams to deliver contextual understanding and long-term control.**



AI's Most Valuable Opportunities in Financial Services & Insurance

Financial institutions are clear about where AI can make the most meaningful impact. When asked which challenges AI is best positioned to solve, C-level leaders consistently highlighted core processes at the heart of risk, efficiency, and customer experience. These priorities reveal how the industry expects AI to reshape its value chains in the near term.

What challenges can AI solve for financial institutions today?

Automating underwriting

41.6%

Leaders point to faster assessments, improved accuracy, and more consistent risk evaluation as the primary benefits.

Fraud detection and risk management

38.8%

Real-time pattern recognition and anomaly detection are seen as critical to reducing exposure in increasingly complex and high-velocity environments.

Personalization and
customer engagement

38%

Reflect a shift toward more predictive and context-aware interactions aimed at enhancing digital channels.

AI-powered research
and advisory

38%

Enables financial institutions to replace manual data gathering and fragmented analysis with real-time, context-rich insights that support more accurate decision-making.

Claims automation

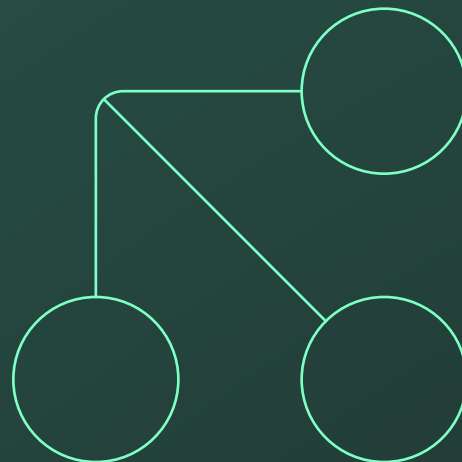
34.4%

Minimizes manual review, speeds up assessment and approvals, and ensures customers receive faster, more reliable outcomes.

These are the areas where FSI has an enormous **data advantage, but also where data quality, engineering maturity, and integration across systems** are absolute prerequisites.

AI Transformation Journey: 4th Milestone

Define and deploy an AI roadmap that is modular and adaptable—Industrialize high-value AI use cases by pairing domain expertise with engineering excellence and strong model governance. Expand from high-value use cases—fraud detection, underwriting automation, personalization, claims automation—toward broader, interconnected systems that create cumulative impact.



Timelines for Strengthening Competitiveness Through AI

The pace at which financial institutions can operationalize AI is now a defining competitive factor, and the timelines leaders report reflect the internal realities described earlier: capability gaps, fragmented architectures, and uneven organizational readiness. These constraints mean that even when ambition is high, execution requires time, coordination, and structural change.

Across five major transformation initiatives, leaders estimate an average timeline of **1.66 years** to complete digital transformation efforts tied to AI (ranging from **1.58 to 1.74 years**), signaling that meaningful AI transformation is neither instant nor incremental; it is a medium-term journey that requires sustained investment.

Initiative	<12 months (%)	1–3 years (%)	1–3 years (%)	Mean time (yrs)
Complete digital transformation	36.4	47.6	14.4	1.74
Validate use cases & AI roadmap	44.8	40.8	12.8	1.58
Define & deploy AI roadmap	40.0	42.0	16.8	1.73
Empower workforce	34.4	53.2	11.2	1.70
Develop new revenue streams	36.4	47.6	12.8	1.70

1.74 years

Completing digital transformation tied to AI

1.58 years

Validating use cases and finalizing the AI roadmap

1.73 years

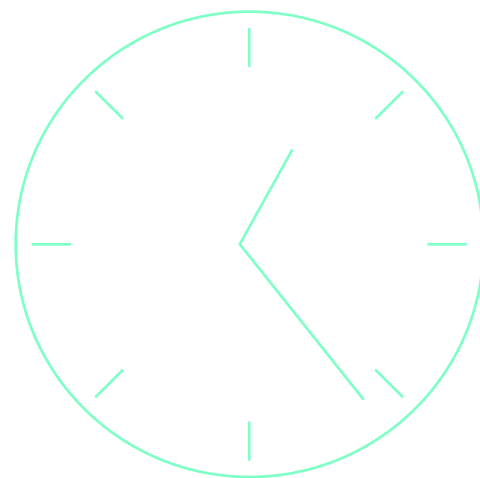
Defining and deploying an AI roadmap

1.70 years

Empowering the workforce with AI-driven skills, tools, and processes

1.70 years

Developing new AI-enabled revenue streams



Leadership Readiness: Alignment and Literacy as Drivers of AI Transformation

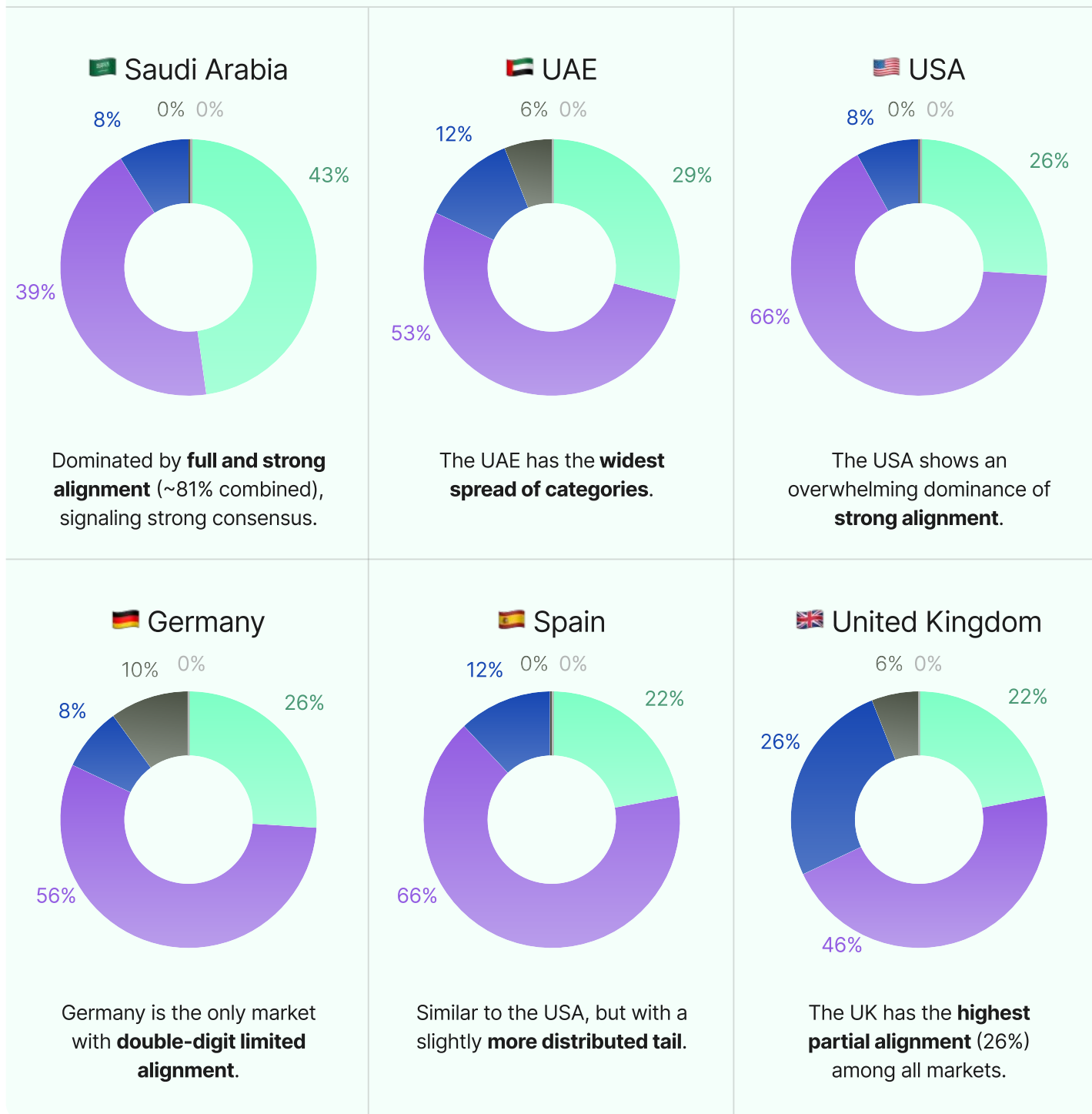
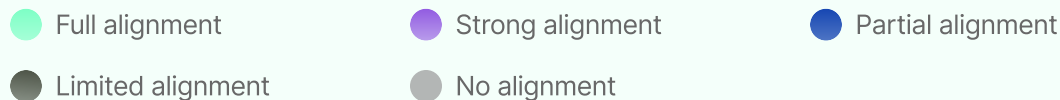
AI literacy and leadership alignment are two sides of the same constraint:

- **Alignment without literacy leads to agreement without direction.**
- **Literacy without alignment leads to insight without coordinated action.**

FSI organizations need **both** for AI to scale. They cannot move faster than their leaders can collectively understand, prioritize, and govern AI.

While alignment across the sector is strong—**82% of executives report full (27%) or strong alignment (56%)**—where there is broad agreement with only minor differences in approach—alignment alone is not enough. A shared vision only accelerates execution when leaders also possess the fluency to interpret technical possibilities, evaluate risks, and translate AI into business outcomes.

Leadership Alignment Across Regions



This is where literacy becomes a defining variable. Only **38%** of leaders describe AI literacy within their executive team as high, while **nearly half (49%) classify it as moderate**—meaning concepts are understood, but not deeply enough to drive enterprise-wide transformation. An additional **13% report on low or very low literacy**.

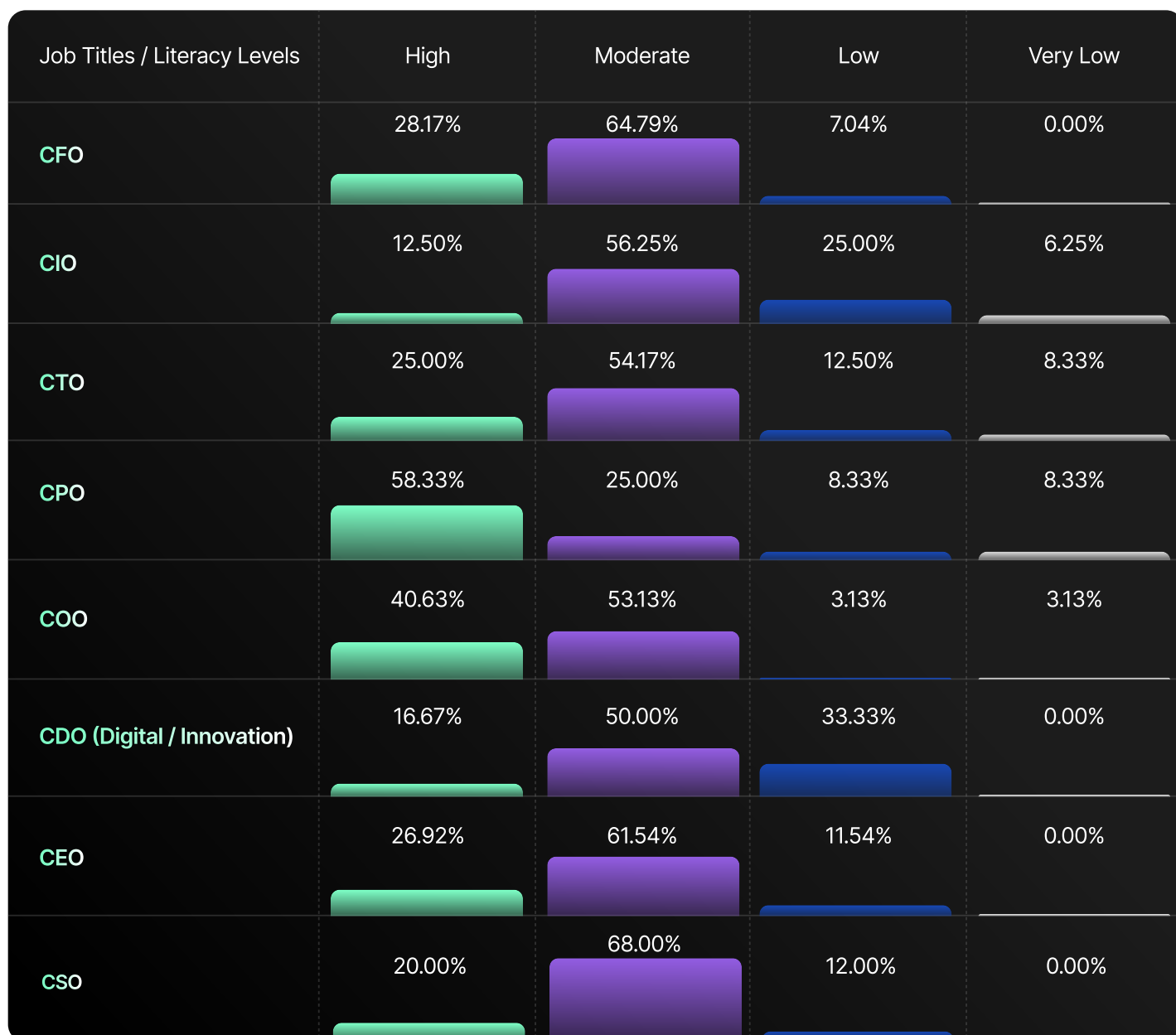
Together, these findings paint a clear picture:

- **Alignment sets out the direction; literacy determines the speed and quality of decisions.**
- Organizations with both are positioned to scale AI rapidly and coherently.
- Organizations missing either tend to move slowly, struggle with prioritization, and extend their transformation timelines.

AI Literacy as Seen by Executives

Patterns vary across roles. **CPOs report the highest AI literacy**, with **50%** rating their executive team's understanding as high, followed by **CFOs (48%)** and **COOs (46%)**, reflecting functions that rely heavily on data-driven decision-making and operational insight. **CIOs** and **CDOs**—typically associated with digital and technology leadership—show slightly lower “high literacy” ratings (**33%** and **38%**, respectively), though both report strong moderate literacy levels across their teams.

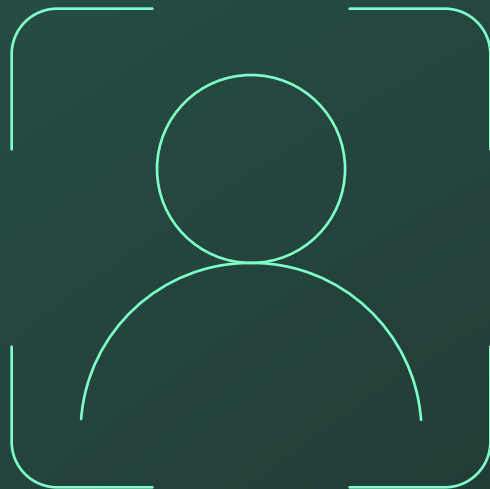
CTOs provide one of the lowest assessments, with only **27%** rating literacy as high and a sizable share indicating moderate understanding, suggesting that while technical leaders may be deeply fluent themselves, they perceive gaps among executive peers. **CEOs** fall in a similar range, with **29% high literacy**, indicating that top-level leadership sees room for broader strategic comprehension. **CSOs (Chief Strategy Officers)** report the lowest share of high literacy at **18%**, but also the highest share of moderate literacy.



These differences point to a familiar pattern: **product, finance, and operations roles see stronger strategic literacy**, while **technical and strategy-focused roles perceive more uneven understanding** across their leadership teams.

AI Transformation Journey: 5th Milestone

Organizations must invest in elevating AI literacy across the executive team, so leaders share a clear understanding of the technology's value, risks, and strategic implications. At the same time, they must strengthen cross-functional alignment to ensure that decisions, priorities, and investments move in concert, turning AI from isolated initiatives into coordinated, organization-wide transformation.



Readiness to Keep Pace with the Evolving AI Landscape

These constraints—skills, strategy, and alignment—shape how prepared leaders feel for what comes next. As a result, executives express mixed confidence in their organization's ability to keep pace with the accelerating AI landscape over the next two to three years. Just under a quarter (**23%**) believe their organization is **ready to adopt and scale AI rapidly**, signaling strong foundations and a clear strategic direction. A slightly larger group (**25%**) says they can **adopt selectively but expect scaling to take time**, reflecting more incremental paths to maturity.

The largest share of respondents (**29%**) characterizes their organizations as having the **capacity to learn and experiment but limited ability to capture value**, pointing to early-stage maturity where pilots outpace enterprise integration. Meanwhile, **23%** report that they are **struggling to keep up with AI developments**, highlighting the persistence of capability, alignment, and infrastructure challenges even as AI adoption becomes widespread.

Together, these results reveal a sector in motion, committed to AI, but uneven in readiness to scale impact at the speed the landscape demands.

23%

Able to adopt and scale AI rapidly

25%

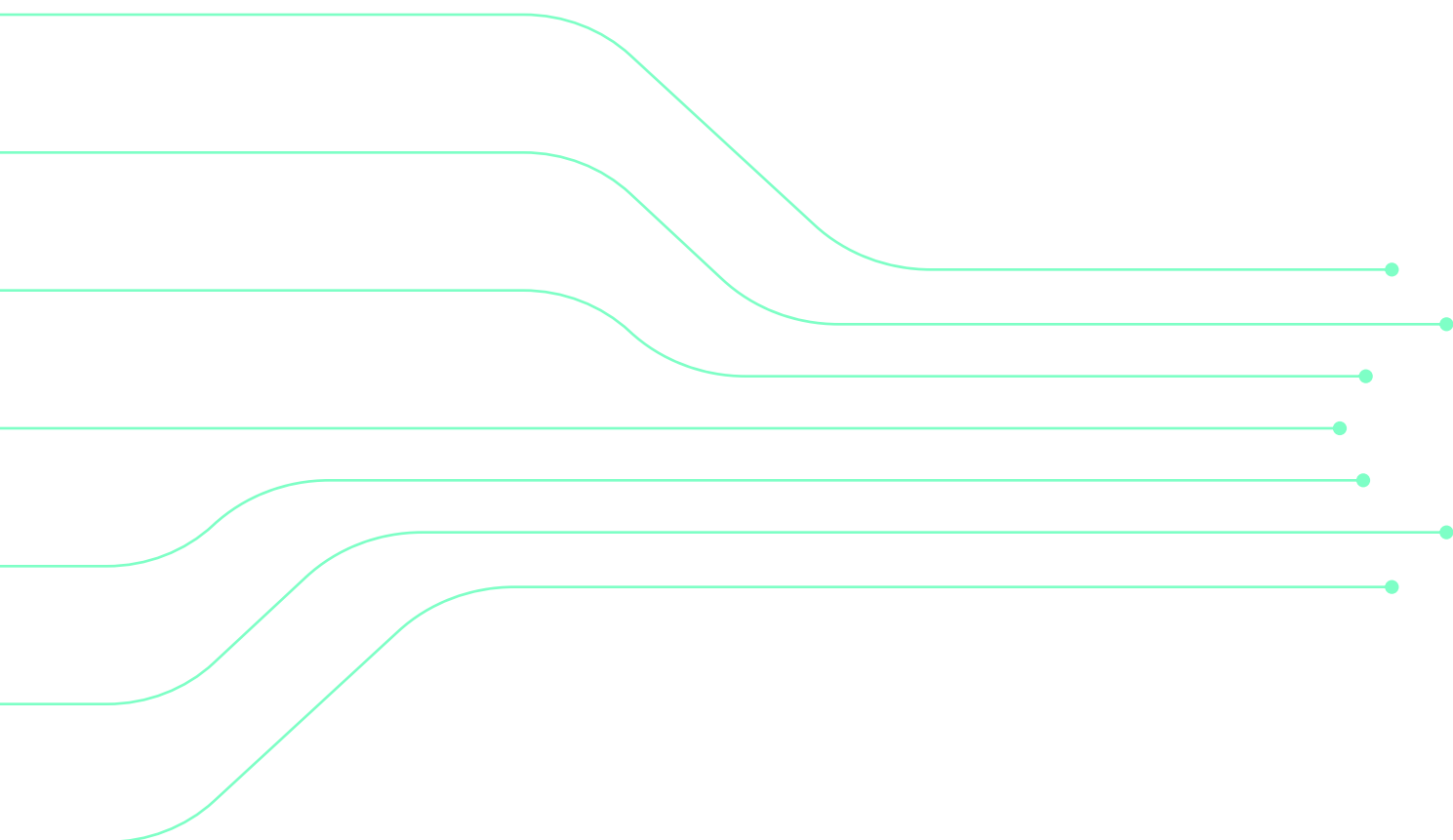
Can adopt selectively, scaling will take time

29%

Capacity to learn and experiment, limited value capture

23%

Struggling to keep up with AI developments



Accelerating AI Transformation in FSI

Building a future-ready financial organization depends on the ability to operationalize AI in ways that improve efficiency, decision-making, security, and customer experience. While the scale of this transformation can feel extensive, the findings of our research point to a pragmatic path forward that begins with targeted, high-impact priorities and expands into enterprise-wide capability.

Although AI adoption has reached critical mass across the sector, our survey shows that most institutions are still navigating uneven deployment, leadership alignment gaps, and significant skills shortages. Full AI implementation will require stronger integration architectures, upgraded infrastructure, and coordinated execution across technology and business teams. Success therefore depends on a deliberate roadmap shaped around a clear business case that ties AI adoption to revenue growth, operational efficiency, enhanced security, and regulatory confidence, which form the specific realities of each organization.

The path forward is technology-driven. The technology is available. The momentum is already here. Now is the time to execute and become a trailblazer in the next era of intelligence-driven financial services.

Partner with HTEC

Crossing the chasm from early AI adoption to an AI-first operating model requires clarity of direction, strong data foundations, the right engineering capabilities, and the confidence to scale. Our research shows that most financial institutions are committed to this future but are slowed by **fragmented deployment, skills gaps, and uncertainty about how to modernize systems and workflows for AI intelligence.**

HTEC helps Financial and Insurance Sector leaders move from ambition to execution by combining deep financial-domain expertise with world-class engineering, data, and AI capabilities. We work alongside executive teams to turn AI opportunities into practical, secure, and scalable solutions that deliver measurable business value.

How HTEC Helps Financial Organizations Lead with AI

Strengthen data foundations for AI

We help institutions build the data pipelines, governance models, and integration layers required for real-time intelligence. Our teams enable secure, compliant data architectures that support distributed computing and high-performance analytics.

Modernize platforms and infrastructure

HTEC accelerates core-system modernization and cloud-to-edge architectures, enabling institutions to operate with agility, resilience, and lower latency—across payments, risk, trading, underwriting, claims, and customer engagement.

Engineer AI solutions that scale

From fraud detection to personalized banking, risk modeling, underwriting automation, and intelligent advisory workflows, we design and deploy AI systems that are explainable, auditable, and enterprise-ready.

Empower the workforce with tools and AI fluency

We equip teams with AI-driven tooling, workflow automation, and decision support systems that raise productivity and reduce operational friction—while upskilling employees to confidently work with AI insights at speed.

Ensure security, compliance, and responsible AI

HTEC's engineering-led approach embeds regulatory alignment, model governance, testing discipline, and cybersecurity across all AI initiatives, enabling safe adoption in highly regulated environments.

Whether you are defining your AI roadmap, modernizing infrastructure for edge, building next-generation digital products, or transforming operational processes with automation and analytics, HTEC provides the strategic guidance and engineering execution to accelerate progress.

With HTEC, FSI leaders move faster, reduce uncertainty, and build AI-enabled organizations that outperform today and lead tomorrow.

Get in Touch



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